HYDE PARK



23220 Hyde Park Homestead Gatum 2171



23220 Hyde Park Homestead Gatum 2169



23220 Hyde Park Homestead Gatum 2168



23220 Hyde Park Homestead Gatum 2167

Location

Hyde Park Road, GATUM VIC 3407 - Property No 001

Municipality

SOUTHERN GRAMPIANS SHIRE

Level of significance

Stage 2 study complete

Heritage Listing

Southern Grampians Shire

Statement of Significance

Last updated on -

What is significant?

The Hyde Park squatting run, located at the head of the Dundas River about 14.5kms north of Cavendish, was taken up by the partnership of Melbourne merchants, Bells Brothers and Buchanan in 1843. Donald Kennedy and Duncan Cameron Kennedy held it for two years to 1849. It then passed briefly to the partnership of Thomas McKellar and James Cochrane. McKellar bought out Cochrane's interest in the partnership and held the licence alone until September 1858. Parts of the existing timber homestead must date from about this time. The important early twentieth century biographer, Alexander Henderson described McKellar as "one of the outstanding pioneers of Victoria, a far-seeing man, possessed of a natural Scottish shrewdness". Hyde Park was only a stepping stone for Thomas McKellar and his wife Catherine, nee McColl, who was connected with the Yat Nat squatting run. They purchased Kenilworth North licences but remained at Hyde Park, then sold both these to purchase Kanawalla. He then moved to The Grange, which re-renamed Strathkellar. The next owner, Alexander McGill took up the Pre-emptive right, is named in Bailliere's Gazetteer in 1868 and remained as a longterm owner. In 1915 the last link in the Hamilton-Horsham railway line passed through Hyde Park. As usual, Hyde Park was eventually subdivided for Soldier Settlement. The homestead underwent substantial changes after the Second World War. It survives in good condition but with its integrity seriously compromised.

How is it significant?

Hyde Park Homestead complex is of historical and architectural significance to the community of Cavendish and to the southern Grampians Shire.

Why is it significant?

Hyde Park Homestead complex is of historical significance for its associations with several important, influential pastoral families and their interconnection. It is of particular interest for demonstrating the relatively humble beginnings of the very successful squatter, Thomas McKellar who is considered one of the outstanding pioneers of Victoria. Hyde Park is of architectural significance as an example of a simple early homestead, which developed little after the 1860s and still reflects the pre-Land Selection period.

Southern Grampians - Southern Grampians Shire Heritage Study, Timothy Hubbard Heritage

Study/Consultant P/L, Annabel Neylon, 2002;

Construction dates 1850,

Heritage Act

Registered place, Categories

Hermes Number 23220

Property Number

Physical Conditions

The homestead and outbuildings are in very good condition. [The woolshed and stone cottages were not inspected.]

Physical Description 1

The homestead at Hyde Park is a group of small single-storey buildings, the earliest constructed from timber using vernacular forms with stone and brick chimneys, corrugated iron roofs and simple timber verandahs contiguous with the main roofs. The roof over the earliest section is hipped while that over the kitchen wing is gabled. At the rear there are small timber outbuildings, possibly dating from the earliest period of settlement. While the surviving fabric is early, it is more refined than the most primitive methods of construction, such as the timber slab, mass masonry or the rare pise, suggesting a date in the 1850s. There is a timber woolshed of uncertain date further to the rear of the homestead and it is said that there are stone cottages, used as shearers' huts elsewhere on the property. The homestead underwent substantial modernisations and extension after the Second World War. The homestead is set within a mature garden, largely dating from the twentieth century.

Historical Australian Themes

Theme 3: Developing local, regional and national economies 3.5 Developing primary production 3.5.1 Grazing stock 3.5.2 Breeding animals 3.5.3 Developing agricultural industries

Theme 5: Working 5.8 working on the land

Usage/Former Usage

Continuing as a pastoral property?

Integrity

Low degree of integrity.

Physical Description 2

Bells and Buchanan, first owners of squatting lease, Melbourne merchants, first owners of Englefield Donald and Duncan Cameron Kennedy, purchased Hyde Park in 1847 Thomas McKellar, purchased Hyde Park in 1849 Alexander McGill, purchased Hyde Park in 1858 and pre-emptive right

Physical Description 3

Hyde Park Pre-emptive Right

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/