COURT HOUSE, FORMER POLICE QUARTERS AND LOCK-UP



COURT HOUSE, FORMER POLICE QUARTERS AND LOCK-UP SOHE 2008



COURT HOUSE, FORMER POLICE QUARTERS AND LOCK-UP SOHE 2008



COURT HOUSE, FORMER POLICE QUARTERS AND LOCK-UP SOHE 2008



COURT HOUSE, FORMER POLICE QUARTERS AND LOCK-UP SOHE 2008



Court house front view. Feb



1 daylesford court house front elevation aug1983



daylesford court house rear elevation jan1983

Location

13 CAMP STREET DAYLESFORD, HEPBURN SHIRE

Municipality

HEPBURN SHIRE

Level of significance

Victorian Heritage Register (VHR) Number

H1492

Heritage Overlay Numbers

HO679

VHR Registration

May 23, 1984

Amendment to Registration

May 23, 1998

Heritage Listing

Victorian Heritage Register

Statement of Significance

Last updated on - January 25, 2000

The Former Daylesford police quarters and cell block are located uphill from the prominently sited courthouse (1862). Built in 1858, the single-storey quarters are constructed of rendered brick with a slate roof and consist of four rooms with a central passage. The building is double fronted with a hip-and-valley roof over the principal section and a hipped bay to the front and an abutting hipped verandah. The building is extremely simple and has more in common with the standard single-fronted design used by the Public Works Department between the late 1850s and 1880s. The building is in poor condition internally.

The contract date of 3 August 1858 means that this building is the oldest of the individual police quarters constructed by the Public Works Department as identified in Bruce Trethowan's Public Works Department research report. This would indicate that it was perhaps a precursor to some of the later standard designs developed for these small police buildings. The lockup was constructed in 1862 to replace an earlier building of 1858 and is a three-cell design with a central projecting porch and gabled roof. It is constructed of brick with dressed bluestone sills and quoining to the door surrounds. The cells are largely intact excepting some plumbing penetrations through the walls and the painting of the external brickwork. The cells are a standard Public Works Department design (one of two designs used for small cell blocks between the 1850s and 1880s) but a member of a small group (10) of this type known to exist. They are therefore certainly of historic interest in architectural terms and especially in terms of the social history of the settlement.

The courthouse was also constructed in 1862 and is one of a small group of courthouses that employ a pavilion design with a large two- storey gable with crenellated corbelling, a central porch and flanking single-storey hipped (in this case) wings with verandahs. The building is constructed of rendered brick with a slate roof and is externally intact. It is dramatically sited in the landscape, closing the long view from the Ballarat Road against the hill behind. The building is an architectural and landscape feature of Daylesford and of historical relevance to the development of the town.

Permit Exemptions

General Exemptions:

General exemptions apply to all places and objects included in the Victorian Heritage Register (VHR). General exemptions have been designed to allow everyday activities, maintenance and changes to your property, which don't harm its cultural heritage significance, to proceed without the need to obtain approvals under the Heritage Act 2017.

Places of worship: In some circumstances, you can alter a place of worship to accommodate religious practices without a permit, but you must <u>notify</u> the Executive Director of Heritage Victoria before you start the works or activities at least 20 business days before the works or activities are to commence.

Subdivision/consolidation: Permit exemptions exist for some subdivisions and consolidations. If the subdivision or consolidation is in accordance with a planning permit granted under Part 4 of the *Planning and Environment Act 1987* and the application for the planning permit was referred to the Executive Director of Heritage Victoria as a determining referral authority, a permit is not required.

Specific exemptions may also apply to your registered place or object. If applicable, these are listed below. Specific exemptions are tailored to the conservation and management needs of an individual registered place or object and set out works and activities that are exempt from the requirements of a permit. Specific exemptions prevail if they conflict with general exemptions.

Find out more about heritage permit exemptions here.

Construction dates 1862,

Heritage Act Categories Registered place,

Other Names LOCK UP, LOCKUP,

Hermes Number 329

Property Number

Extent of Registration

Amendment of Register of Government Buildings
Daylesford and Glenlyon Shire
Court House, former Police Quarters and Cell Block, 27 Camp Street, Daylesford.
[Victoria Government Gazette No. G39 12 October 1988 p3088]

Transferred to the Victorian Heritage Register 23 May 1998 (2 years after the proclamation of the Heritage Act 1995 pursuant to the transitional provisions of the Act)

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/