ST JOHNS CHURCH



1 st john's church victoria parade east melbourne side view nov1988



ST JOHNS CHURCH SOHE 2008



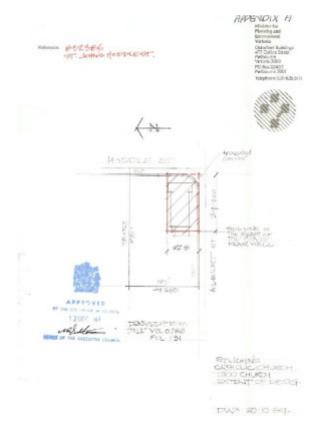
st john's church victoria parade east melbourne detail of runic cross



st john's church victoria parade east melbourne hoddle street side view nov1988



ST JOHNS CHURCH SOHE 2008



H0757 st johns plan

Location

576-594 VICTORIA PARADE AND 1251-1289 HODDLE STREET AND 2-30 ALBERT STREET EAST MELBOURNE, MELBOURNE CITY

Municipality

MELBOURNE CITY

Level of significance

Registered

Victorian Heritage Register (VHR) Number

H0757

Heritage Overlay Numbers

HO146

VHR Registration

December 13, 1989

Heritage Listing

Statement of Significance

Last updated on - January 19, 2000

'What is significant?

St John's Church, the second church within the St John's complex, was built in 1900 to the design of architects McCrae and O'Toole. It is an idiosyncratic interpretation of the Romanesque style, built in red brick. The main facade is asymmetrical and incorporates a 10 metre high Celtic cross, pressed terracotta panels in the gable with representation of the stars of the Southern Cross, and a 26 metre high round tower with conical roof. The cross is of Stawell stone and weighs 21 tons. It portrays the head of Christ at its centre, surrounded by the four evangelists in full-relief. Below are full-length bas-relief portraits of St John and St Patrick. The remainder of the cross is carved with Celtic runes. The designer of the cross is not known.

How is it significant?

St Johns Church is of architectural and historical significance to the State of Victoria.

Why is it significant?

St John's Church is architecturally significant as a highly unusual expression of the Romanesque style. The Arts and Crafts mode of design, as expressed at St John?s Church by the architects McCrae and O'Toole, is rare in churches in the State of Victoria. The use of pressed terracotta was unusual in church decoration at the turn of the 20th century and was more commonly favoured in secular buildings.

St John's Church is also the only known Victorian work of the architects McRae and O'Toole.

St John's Church is historically significant for its expression of Irish and Australian nationalist sentiment at the time of Federation, and as a distinctively Irish interpretation of the Romanesque style of the Roman Catholic Church. The round tower was claimed to be a replica of the entrance to King Cormac's Chapel built in 1137 on the rock of Cashel in Tipperary.

Permit Exemptions

General Exemptions:

General exemptions apply to all places and objects included in the Victorian Heritage Register (VHR). General exemptions have been designed to allow everyday activities, maintenance and changes to your property, which don't harm its cultural heritage significance, to proceed without the need to obtain approvals under the Heritage Act 2017.

Places of worship: In some circumstances, you can alter a place of worship to accommodate religious practices without a permit, but you must <u>notify</u> the Executive Director of Heritage Victoria before you start the works or activities at least 20 business days before the works or activities are to commence.

Subdivision/consolidation: Permit exemptions exist for some subdivisions and consolidations. If the subdivision or consolidation is in accordance with a planning permit granted under Part 4 of the *Planning and Environment Act 1987* and the application for the planning permit was referred to the Executive Director of Heritage Victoria as a determining referral authority, a permit is not required.

Specific exemptions may also apply to your registered place or object. If applicable, these are listed below. Specific exemptions are tailored to the conservation and management needs of an individual registered place or

object and set out works and activities that are exempt from the requirements of a permit. Specific exemptions prevail if they conflict with general exemptions.

Find out more about heritage permit exemptions here.

Construction dates 1900,

Architect/Designer McCrae & Designer McCrae & De

Heritage Act Categories Registered place,

Hermes Number 371

Property Number

History

Contextual History: The Catholic Church commenced activities on the site in 1865 when J B denny of St Patrick's Cathedral gave notice to the Melbourne City Council that a new chapel was to be built on the corner of Albert and Hoddle Streets. When the chapel became too small a second church was built in 1901, distinguished by a large Celtic Cross and round tower. The third church was built on the corner of Victoria Parade and and Hoddle Street in 1929-30 on land acquired from the Church of England in 1920. A school was included on the Albert Street frontage in 1889.

Extent of Registration

AMENDMENT OF REGISTER OF HISTORIC BUILDINGS

Historic Building No. 757.

St John's Church (C.1900 Church Only) corner Hoddle Street and Victoria Parade, East Melbourne.

(All of the buildings and the land shown hatched which is on the plan (Appendix A) entered in the Register Book Certificate of Title Volume 0786 Folio 131.

[Victoria Government Gazette No. G49 13 December 1989 p.3259]

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/