
Crows Nest Fort

Location

14 THE ESPLANADE QUEENSCLIFF, Queenscliffe Borough

Municipality

QUEENSCLIFFE BOROUGH

Level of significance

-

Heritage Inventory (HI) Number

H7821-0088

Heritage Listing

Vic. War Heritage Inventory

Statement of Significance

Last updated on - January 31, 2005

Part of the 1880s defence networks for Queenscliff and Port Phillip. Significant single gun (HP) fortress. Probably partially intact below the current sand topsoil. Possible State Level Significance as a component of the 1880s defence landscape of Port Phillip. Recreational bathing boxes part of the recreational landscape of the military.

Other Names CROWS NEST FORT BATHING BOXES,

Hermes Number 125420

Property Number

Veterans Description for Public

The Crows Nest Fort, located at 14 Esplanade, Queenscliffe Borough, was built in the Late Nineteenth Century. In 1886, an eight inch disappearing gun was placed at Crows Nest, much to the disgust of local residents as the location was a popular hill and they feared the loss of much loved local vegetation. The gun appears to have been active by 1891, as firing times and exclusion zones were announced in local newspapers. Tenders were called for a gun emplacement and 6lb Nordenfelt Gun at the fort in 1892, although it is unclear if these ever eventuated.

The Fort is shown in defence plans as an obsolete single gun emplacement with a sloping external casement wall on the seaward end, with a depressed area to the north that housed the gun. From 1925- 1929, a one gun fort was located down near the Officers Mess, but that it was never fired during this time. A disappearing gun was mounted at Crows Nest, but was removed around the time of the Second World War as scrap metal was at a premium at that time, which resulted in many of the earlier guns being removed from the forts around the heads. A breech loading gun currently outside Fort Queenscliff is labelled as having originated from the Crows Nest Fort.

In 1908, an Engine room and gun emplacements were built at Crows Nest. During the First World War the fort was used as an informal camp site by swagmen for many years after it was abandoned. The back beach was closed off from 1942 until the end of the war. There was barbed wire from the cliffs all the way around to Cottage by the Sea.

Locals reported that the Crows Nest Fort was demolished by the army with explosives in the 1960s. Additionally, other facilities, such as the Cottage by the Sea children's home was taken over by the army to house soldiers during the First World War which deprived sick children of their annual seaside holidays.

John Patrick, a former local resident and member of the Queenscliff Historical Society undertook personal research for the sites:

"I remember it quite well. Crow's Nest Fort had a circular paved area for the gun, protected on the seaward side by a vertical concrete wall about 2.5 metres high. Beyond that protecting wall sand and concrete had been sited so the fort merged into the hill and was not easily detected from the sea. There was a circular rail inset into the circular paved area, presumably to enable the gun to be rotated. The original gun had been removed long before my first seeing the fort. There was at least one door opening in the west end of the concrete wall with steps leading down underground to what I presumed to be a place for storing ammunition.

At the same level as the circular paved area was a further flat paved area, to the north reaching to a high wooden fence that ran along the northern boundary of the land and extended around part of the eastern boundary. Beyond that fence to the north was a wide piece of unoccupied land and the remaining land to Flinders Street was occupied by Upton House, a convalescent home for aged people and to the east of that The Cottage by the Sea operated by the Ministering Children's League.

At some later stage the enclosed circular paved area had been covered by a flat galvanised roof and large doors had been fitted on the north side to enclose that area. It was used for military purposes during the Second World War. I believe those doors may have survived and are still in use in Queenscliff."

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online <http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/>