RINGWOOD RAILWAY STATION ARCHAEOLOGICAL PRECINCT

Location

MAROONDAH HIGHWAY RINGWOOD, MAROONDAH CITY

Municipality

MAROONDAH CITY

Level of significance

Heritage Inventory Site

Heritage Inventory (HI) Number

H7922-0532

Heritage Listing

Victorian Heritage Inventory

Statement of Significance

Last updated on - April 4, 2023

What is significant?

The structural remains of the former Station Master's Residence at Ringwood Railway Station and any associated archaeological deposits or features are significant.

The structural remains of the former Ringwood Railway Station Tool Shed and any associated archaeological deposits or features are significant.

How is it significant?

The Station Master's Residence at Ringwood Railway Station is significant because of its association with the earliest years of the station's daily operations. Any archaeological remains have the potential to provide valuable insight into the development of public transportation Ringwood and the changes made to the daily operations of the station over time.

The former Tool Shed at Ringwood Railway Station is significant because of its association with the Belgrave and Lilydale lines, first established in the 1880s in response to the growing population and widening sprawl of Melbourne's suburbs.

Why is it significant?

The Station Master's Residence at Ringwood Railway Station meets two of the themes in the Victorian Framework of Historical Themes: 3.3 Connecting Victorians by Transport and Communications – Linking Victorians by Rail and 6.3 Building Towns, Cities and the Garden State - Shaping the Suburbs (Heritage Council of Victoria 2009).

Theme 3.3 Connecting Victorians by Transport and Communications – Linking Victorians by Rail. The Station Master's Residence is representative of the mass construction of housing for Station Masters across Victoria in the late 19th and early 20th centuries, which was considered a necessity to keep Victoria's railway system functioning. Station Masters were deemed the 'front line soldiers' of the Victorian railway system by Harold Clapp, Chairman of the Comissioners of Victorian Railways (Lee 2004, p. 154). As a former residential dwelling, the site has the potential to provide information about the nature of early 20th century domestic life in Ringwood, especially the life of the Station Master and their family. The site may also possess social values for Ringwood residents as the Station Master was often a noteworthy figure in the local community (Old Treasury Building Museum 2022).

Theme 6.3 Building towns, Cities and the Garden State - Shaping the Suburbs. The location of the Station Master's Residence at the confluence of Maroondah Highway and Warrandyte Road would have made the site a prominent landmark in Ringwood, particularly as Ringwood was chiefly regarded as a "railway junction" in the early 20th century (Victorian Places 2015). The construction of the Station Master's Residence was a direct influence on the accelerating growth of Ringwood, which was stimulated by the construction and electrification of the railway.

The Ringwood Railway Station Tool Shed is historically significant because it is associated with the advent of railway electrification in the early 20th century, which almost completely replaced the previous all-steam operation of the railways with a more efficient system (Lee 2007, p. 178).

The Ringwood Railway Station Tool Shed meets Theme 3.3 Connecting Victorians by Transport and Communications – Linking Victorians by Rail in the Victorian Framework of Historical Themes (Heritage Council of Victoria 2009). The Tool Shed was an important structure as it provided a secure storage space for equipment necessary for servicing the railway lines at the station. Any subsurface features or deposits that may remain have the potential to provide valuable information about the maintenance of the railways tracks in the early 20th century, the change in maintenance activities before and after electrification, and the working lives of 'permanent way' men.

20th century at the junction of Maroondah Highway and Warrandyte Road. The residence faced east towards the suburb of Croydon and was surrounded by timber fencing. The building would have been made chiefly from timber, with a corrugated iron roof and steel or iron posts bolstering the front verandah. The primary function of the site was residential, providing the Station Master, and family members, a home and living quarters. The location of the residence close to the station granted the Station Master easy access to the station, as they were responsible for its daily operations, overseeing ticketing, public relations, and maintenance works. The residence and all associated outbuildings were removed between 1957 and 1960, and eventually the area was transformed into a bus interchange. The bus interchange received an upgrade between 2014 and 2016 as part of the broader Ringwood Railway Station redevelopment project. According to Heritage Victoria's Policy for Determining Low Archaeological Value, pursuant to s. 118(1)(a) of the Heritage Act 2017, for an archaeological site to be approved for inclusion in the Heritage Inventory, it must meet the following thresholds: Threshold A (archaeology): • the place meets the definition of archaeological site under the Act; and • it can be demonstrated that the site contains archaeological features, associated artefacts and/or deposits; and/or • documentary evidence and/or oral history, landscape features, visible site fabric or other information indicates a likelihood that the site contains archaeological remains; and • the archaeological remains are, or are likely to be, in a condition that will allow information to be obtained that will contribute to an understanding of the site; and Threshold B (place history) • the site evidences (or is likely to evidence) an association with a historical event, phase, period, process, function, tradition, movement, custom or way of life; and • the site history is of significance within a state, regional, local, thematic or other relevant framework. The Station Master's Residence has been assessed against these criteria and is considered to meet both Thresholds A and B. The former Tool Shed at Ringwood Railway Station appears to have been constructed sometime between the opening of the station in 1889 and the early 20th century. Based on examples at other Victorian rail stations of the same time period, it was likely constructed of corrugated iron and a timber frame. It was located south of the siding track and just north of Station Street. Tool sheds were a common feature of the early 20th century Victorian railway system and were used to store equipment for emergency repairs, which were usually undertaken by 'permanent way' men (staff who maintained the railway tracks). By the mid-20th century, the Tool Shed at Ringwood Station was no longer standing and the area had been converted into a carpark, which it remains today. According to Heritage Victoria's Policy for Determining Low Archaeological Value, pursuant to s. 118(1)(a) of the Heritage Act 2017, for an archaeological site to be approved for inclusion in the Heritage Inventory, it must meet the following thresholds: Threshold A (archaeology): • the place meets the definition of archaeological site under the Act; and • it can be demonstrated that the site contains archaeological features, associated artefacts and/or deposits; and/or • documentary evidence and/or oral history, landscape features, visible site fabric or other information indicates a likelihood that the site contains archaeological remains; and • the archaeological remains are, or are likely to be, in a condition that will allow information to be obtained that will contribute to an understanding of the site; and Threshold B (place history) • the site evidences (or is likely to

evidence) an association with a historical event, phase, period, process, function, tradition, movement, custom or way of life; and • the site history is of significance within a state, regional, local, thematic or other relevant framework. The Tool Shed has been assessed against these

The Station Master's Residence at the Ringwood Railway Station was constructed in the early

Interpretation of Site

Hermes Number

209497

Property Number

History

criteria and is considered to meet both Thresholds A and B.

station itself was built in 1889, a Tudor style red brick building situated north of the railway line, with extensions made in the 1920s and 1950s. A ticket office was established two years later in 1891 on the south side of the railway line. Around the same time, the line was duplicated to increase public transport services to the area. Both of these buildings remain standing today. A footbridge was constructed in 1921, followed closely by a signal box in 1926, after which the railway line became electrified. A Station Master's Residence was built north of the railway line and northeast of the footbridge in the early 20th century, as well as a tool shed south of the siding track. Over the next few decades, development of Ringwood Railway Station continued, including the erection of automatic signals in 1959, stabling between 1961 and 1962 and the construction of an additional platform in 1999.

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/