

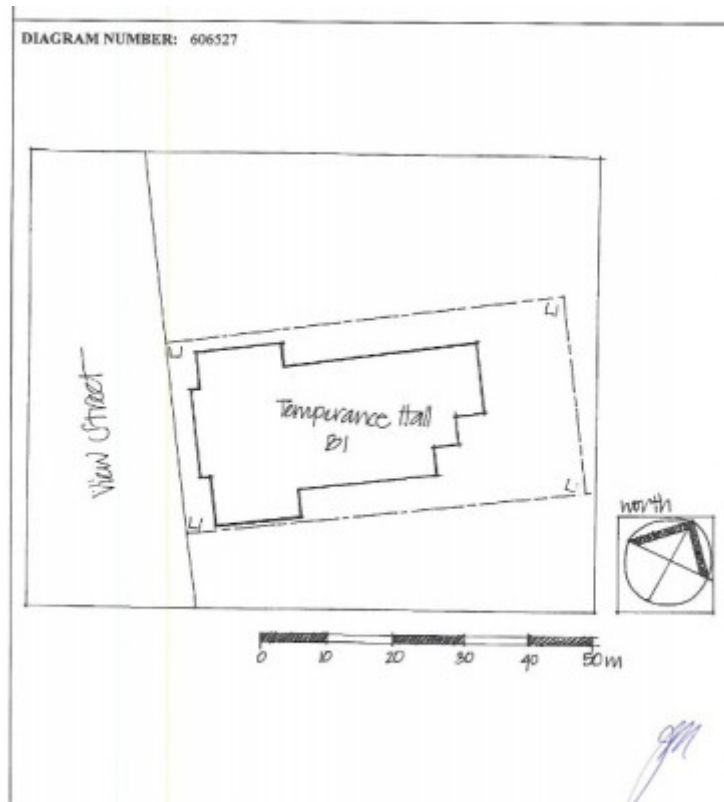
BENDIGO TEMPERANCE HALL



BENDIGO TEMPERANCE HALL SOHE
2008



1 bendigo temperance hall bendigo front
view apr1997



H1335 bendigo temperance hall plan

Location

24-30 VIEW STREET BENDIGO, GREATER BENDIGO CITY

Municipality

GREATER BENDIGO CITY

Level of significance

Registered

Victorian Heritage Register (VHR) Number

H1335

Heritage Overlay Numbers

HO264

VHR Registration

August 14, 1997

Heritage Listing

Victorian Heritage Register

Statement of Significance

Last updated on - April 13, 2000

STATEMENT OF CULTURAL HERITAGE SIGNIFICANCE:

The Bendigo Temperance Hall was constructed in various stages from the late 1850s as a meeting place and public hall for the local temperance societies. The Bendigo Total Abstinence Society formed on 11 June 1857 and immediately lobbied the government for a land grant on which, when granted, they erected a single storeyed rendered brick hall to the classical design of local architectural partnership, Vahland and Getzschmann, opened in February 1861. A reading roofrescom was added to this building in 1862.

The Bendigo Branch of the Australian Natives' Association used the hall for its meetings and as offices from 1874 to 1893. The Bendigo ANA was very active and influential in the Federation movement. Dr John Quick was a key member of the Branch, and he was responsible for developing the draft Australian constitution and a process for a federated Australia that was later adopted as the model in the lead up to Federation.

By 1896 accommodation for a larger reading room and offices was added to the View Street side of the building in the form of a two storeyed rendered brick section designed by James Blair. The building has been retained by the Bendigo Total Abstinence Society who meet in the building. The reading room has been converted to offices. The early 1861 hall has a particularly fine interior, with high level window openings and featuring Palladian arched mouldings lining the walls. Two painted frescos of outdoor scenes are painted on panels formed by arched mouldings on the stage. The design of the Temperance Hall, though composed of disparate elements, is principally classically derived; the early hall in a well proportioned and detailed manner, and the two storeyed section to View Street in a less rigorous and more decorative manner.

The Bendigo Temperance Hall is of historical, architectural and social significance to the State of Victoria.

The Bendigo Temperance Hall has historical and social importance as one of the few surviving purpose built temperance halls in the state. It provides a manifestation of the importance and development of the temperance movement in the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. It is also significant for its association with the ANA and that organisation's role in the Federation movement.

The building has importance for its architectural merit, with a well composed principal faade. The rear hall, dating from 1860 is an important example of nineteenth century Palladian classicism, a style in its severity and

restraint, particularly appropriate for use in a building constructed as a symbol of temperance. The interior of the hall is of particular note, with its finely proportioned internal space, wall detailing, natural lighting and two early frescos of landscape scenes.

Permit Exemptions

General Exemptions: General exemptions apply to all places and objects included in the Victorian Heritage Register (VHR). General exemptions have been designed to allow everyday activities, maintenance and changes to your property, which don't harm its cultural heritage significance, to proceed without the need to obtain approvals under the Heritage Act 2017. Specific exemptions may also apply to your registered place or object. If applicable, these are listed below. Specific exemptions are tailored to the conservation and management needs of an individual registered place or object and set out works and activities that are exempt from the requirements of a permit. Specific exemptions prevail if they conflict with general exemptions. Find out more about heritage permit exemptions [here](https://www.heritage.vic.gov.au/permits-and-approvals/heritage-permit-exemptions).

Specific Exemptions: EXEMPTIONS FROM PERMITS: (Classes of works or activities which may be undertaken without a permit under Part 4 of the Heritage Act 1995) Nil

Construction dates	1850,
Architect/Designer	Vahland and Getzschmann,
Heritage Act Categories	Registered place,
Hermes Number	3987
Property Number	

History

Contextual History:History of Place: The Bendigo Temperance Hall comprises various sections built from 1860 until 1896. The architects involved with the project included Vahland and Getzschmann and James Blair. The government granted land to the newly established temperance society after their formation on the condition that any building erected on the site be of 'good structure and one which would be worthy of the position.' The building then designed by local architects, Vahland and Getzschmann, housed a hall, reading room, library, committee room, office, clock room, keeper's apartment and kitchen. However budget constraints allowed only the hall and a kitchen to be constructed. Construction began on the project in October 1860 and the new Temperance Hall was opened on the evening of 5 February 1861. The contract for the walls and roof was undertaken by Mr Tolhurst of Barnard Street and the plastering contract was done by Messrs Smith and Williams. The hall was constructed both as a symbol of the temperance movement and the temperance societies in Bendigo and as a public meeting place and hall, an alternative to the hotels in the town. However on the proviso that 'on no account whatever will they allow this room to be used for any purpose which might violate its honor as the hall of abstainers in Bendigo, erected as a standing protest against the drinking usages of modern society.' On May 28 1896 additions to the hall, comprising a two storeyed section facing View Street, were formally opened. This section housed a free library, open to the public and replacing an earlier library. This section was designed by local architect, James Blair.

Extent of Registration

1. All the building known as the Bendigo Temperance Hall and marked B1 on Diagram 606527 held by the Executive Director.
2. All the land marked L1 on Diagram 606527 held by the Executive Director, being all the land described in Certificate of Title Vol. 1100 Folio 914.

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online <http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/>