St Josephs Technical College, part Christian Brothers Roman Catholic School complex



Abbotsford Nicholson Street 95part 73-97.JPG

Location

95 part 73-97 Nicholson Street, ABBOTSFORD VIC 3067 - Property No 107180

Municipality

YARRA CITY

Level of significance

Incl in HO area indiv sig

Heritage Overlay Numbers

HO313

Heritage Listing

Yarra City

Statement of Significance

Last updated on - January 1, 2014

St Josephs Technical College, part Christian Brothers Roman Catholic School complex, 95 (part 73-97) Nicholson Street, Abbotsford

This site is subject to a Statement of Significance for the building, as well as a Statement of Significance for the Precinct in which it is located.

Please find below the Statement for the building, followed by the Statement for the Precinct.

Statement of Significance for the building

What is significant?

The St Josephs Technical College, part Christian Brothers Roman Catholic School complex at 95 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford was created in 1940-1 (1893-) for the Christian Brothers, Roman Catholic Church. Opened in 1893 on the site of a former tannery at the corner of Nicholson and Mollison Streets, the school was restructured in 1930, as a technical school for the entry of young Catholics into trade apprenticeships. This building is part of this significant later stage of development and paralleled the expansion of large secular complexes like the Collingwood Technical School (q.v.). It was closed at the end of 1990.

The place has a fair integrity to its creation date.

Fabric from the creation date at the St Josephs Technical College, part Christian Brothers Roman Catholic School complex is locally significant within the City of Yarra, compared to other similar places from a similar era.

How is it significant?

The St Josephs Technical College, part Christian Brothers Roman Catholic School complex at 95 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford is historically significant to the locality of Abbotsford and the City of Yarra.

Why is it significant?

The St Josephs Technical College, part Christian Brothers Roman Catholic School complex is significant as the historical key to the Catholic Church's involvement in technical education in the inner suburbs during the inter-war period.

Precinct statement of significance

Component streets include:

Abbotsford Street, Charles Street, Eddy Court, Gipps Street, Hoddle Street, Hunter Street, Langridge Street, Little Charles Street, Marine Parade, Mollison Street, Nicholson Street, Park Street, Raphael Street, St Phillips Street, Stanton Street, Studley Street, Vere Street, Yarra Street,

Statement of Significance

What is significant?

The Charles Street Heritage Overlay Area (part of the Collingwood Flat) (23), was subdivided in 1853 from the properties of R Henry Way and (24)Sir Charles Nicholson. (25)

An important civic cluster within the Heritage Overlay Area is the Collingwood Town Hall in Hoddle Street (1888) comprising municipal offices, a court house, post office, mechanics institute and a library. (26) When complete it was described as... one of the largest and handsomest near Melbourne ... (27). Other key buildings within the cluster are the bluestone St Phillip's Church of England rectory and the former Church of Christ Tabernacle in Stanton Street (later Collingwood library).

An important element in the area is the railway from Princes Bridge to Clifton Hill. It opened in 1901 on a continuous elevated embankment which eliminated the need for level crossings. The access provided by the railway boosted the residential development of the surrounding area in the Edwardian-era.

Mature street trees are a feature of this area, in the otherwise near treeless Collingwood urban landscape. Melbourne and Metropolitan Board of Works (MMBW) detail plans from c1900 show street trees along the gutter line of Stanton Street, Nicholson Street near the Denton Hat Mills and north of Gipps Street, and in Langridge St west from Nicholson St. No trees are shown in Charles St.

Main development era

The main development period evident in the heritage overlay is that of the Victorian and Edwardian-period, with a contribution from some well preserved inter-war buildings and individually significant places of all eras.

Contributory elements

The Charles Street Heritage Overlay Area includes contributory buildings, mainly (but not exclusively) as small attached and detached Victorian and Edwardian-era one-storey houses having typically:

- . Expressed steeply gabled or hipped roofs, with some facade parapets;
- . One storey wall heights;
- . Weatherboard, face brick (red, bichrome and polychrome), or stucco walls;
- . Corrugated iron roof cladding, some Marseilles pattern terra-cotta tiles (Edwardian-era), with some slate roofing;
- . Chimneys of either stucco finish (with moulded caps) or of matching face brickwork with corbelled capping courses (red brick in the Edwardian-era);
- . Post-supported verandah elements facing the street;
- . Less than 40% of the street wall face comprised with openings such as windows and doors; and
- . Front gardens, originally bordered by timber picket front fences of around 1m height; also
- . Corner shops and residences with display windows and zero boundary setbacks.

And

- . Well preserved, typically one-storey residential and industrial buildings plus street tree plantings;
- . Public infrastructure, expressive of the Victorian and Edwardian-eras such as stone pitched road paving, kerbs and channels, and asphalt paved footpaths;
- . Public building groups such as the Collingwood Town Hall group.

How is it significant?

HO313 Charles Street Heritage Overlay Area, Abbotsford is **aesthetically and historically** significant to the City of Yarra (National Estate Register[NER] Criteria E1, A4)

Why is it significant?

The Charles Street Heritage Overlay Area is significant:

- . As a good representation of modest workers' housing, being substantially intact timber and masonry buildings from the late 19th and early 20th century, and as one of the more intact early residential precincts in Abbotsford.
- . For some well preserved industrial and commercial buildings (i.e. in Gipps, Yarra and Studley Streets), dating predominantly from the late 19th and early 20th centuries, but with a contribution from the inter-war era;
- . For the core of civic buildings and parklands (public health, community gathering places, civic, and religious examples) of individual significance, including the landmark Collingwood Town Hall, which is one of the most important civic buildings in the City of Yarra;
- . For its early street, lane and allotment layouts, together with original bluestone infrastructure such as kerbs and guttering, providing an appropriate setting for the buildings, along with the narrow open drain between Nicholson and Charles Streets as testimony to a legacy of frequent floods and pollution which influenced the area's development; and
- . For the mature street trees in Gipps, Langridge, Nicholson and Stanton Streets, and mature trees in parks, in particular, the Gahan Reserve, as evocative of the area's significant development era.

References

23 flat land in Collingwood generally between the line of Alexandra Avenue on the north, Church Street and the Yarra River on the east, Victoria Street on the south and Smith Street on the west (see map National Library of Australia. National Library of Australia (ANL)3790435 MAP RM 1643).

24 City of Collingwood Engineer's Office. Lithograph No. 0003

25 State Library of Victoria. Vale Collection

26 G Hibbins, A Short History of Collingwood, Collingwood 1997. p 25.

27 Garran, A (ed.), Australia: The First Hundred Years, Illustrated. Sydney 1974. p 244. (Facsimile edition of Picturesque Atlas of Australasia, 2 vols. 1888)

Yarra - City of Collingwood Conservation Study, Andrew Ward & Sociates, 1989;

Heritage Yarra - City of Collingwood Conservation Study, Andrew Ward & Description Study, Andrew Wa

Study/Consultant Yarra - City of Yarra Heritage Review, Allom Lovell & Study/Consultant Yarra - City of Yarra - City

of Yarra Review of Heritage Overlay Areas, Graeme Butler & Samp; Associates, 2007;

Construction dates 1893, 1940,

Hermes Number 88983

Property Number

Physical Description 2

The historical key to the Catholic Church's involvement in technical education in the inner suburbs. Opened in 1893 on the site of a former tannery at the corner of Nicholson and Mollison Streets, the school was restructured in 1930, as a technical school for the entry of young Catholics into trade apprenticeships. It was closed at the end of 1990.

Integrity

Fair

This place/object may be included in the Victorian Heritage Register pursuant to the Heritage Act 2017. Check the Victorian Heritage Database, selecting 'Heritage Victoria' as the place source.

For further details about Heritage Overlay places, contact the relevant local council or go to Planning Schemes Online http://planningschemes.dpcd.vic.gov.au/