Victorian Heritage Database Report

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S.S. CITY OF LAUNCESTON



S124 CityOfLaunceston PortPhillipBay HistoricView



S124 CityOfLaunceston PortPhillipBay ArtifactsAtSite



S124 CityOfLaunceston PortPhillipBay ConservedBottle



S124 CityOfLaunceston PortPhillipBay ConservedJug



S124 CityOfLaunceston PortPhillipBay Deck



S124 CityOfLaunceston PortPhillipBay Pipe



S124 CityOfLaunceston PortPhillipBay Deck PrintOfSinking

Location

north of West Channel, Port Phillip Bay

Victorian Heritage Register (VHR) Number

S124

Date lost

Official number

32240

Construction material

Iron

Hull

Iron, clipper bow, elliptic stern

Propulsion

Steam - Screw

Engine specification

direct acting inverted 2 cylinder, 80 HP, fitted with Thomas Silver s Patent steam governor, cylinders 34" diameter with 27 inch stroke, boiler 30lbs psi

Engine builder

Blackwood & amp; Gordon

Number of masts

2

Length/Breadth/Depth

177.20 Feet / 24.40 Feet / 11.70 Feet

Builder

Blackwood & amp; Gordon

Year of construction

1863

Built port

Newark, Glasgow

Built country

Scotland

Registration Number

11 of 1863

Departure Launceston Destination Launceston Cargo General cargo including English mails, luggage, drapery inc. crinolines, cases of brandy, port, rum, cigars, tea, boots, sheepwash Owner G. Fisher and partners, trading as Launceston and Melbourne Steam Navigation Co. Master Capt. William Thom

Cause of loss

Weather conditions

Clear; starlit night; calm seas

Registration Port

Launceston

Confusion between ships masters, collision

Passenger comments

Mr & Bowland, Mr & Bowland, Mr & Horne and their 2 children, Mrs Woods (wife of the vessel's usual captain), Mrs Richards, Mrs McDonald, Dr Brook, Dr Moore and Messrs. J Moore, Chesterman, Thom, Bowland, M. Miller, E Miller and Roff.

| Included in the steerage passengers Messrs. Lister, Hancock and Pilkington. The other steerage passengers are unknown as they bought their tickets onboard.

| 18 cabin, 7 steerage | 18 cabin, 19 cabin, 20 cabin, 30 cab

Number of crew

23

Statement of significance

The City of Launceston is one of Victoria's most significant shipwrecks. The discovery and reporting of the wreck and subsequent lobbying of the State Government led to the proclamation of the State Historic Shipwrecks Act 1981. It is one of the most intact iron steamship wrecks of its age in Australian waters, is technically and scientifically significant for the remains of its engine and boiler, and evidence of the experimental salvage attempts using Patented Maquay hydrogen gas generating devices. The City of Launceston is archaeologically

VHR history

About 9 pm, incoming SS Penola (500 tons) struck and ran down City of Launceston which began to settle almost immediately. Passengers and crew transferred with difficulty to Penola. Sunken vessel valued at about 17,000 pounds - not insured. Sold by auction to Barrett, engineer of City of Launceston, who sold to a syndicate but salvage attempts eventually abandoned. Victorian Steam Navigation Board Inquiry held City of Launceston to blame for accident. Two separate Supreme Court actions by the respective owners for damages found in favour of the plaintiff in each case! An appeal by the aggrieved owner of the Penola for a non suit or a new trial was ultimately refused. Eleutheria, lighter, exhibited light at wreck site until it too sank. City of Launceston was the first shipwreck to be declared an Historic Shipwreck under new Victorian legislation. Built for the Melbourne to Launceston Bass Strait run, it was a regular trader across Bass Strait.